Penalties. WAC 296-15-266 (1) Under what circumstances will the department consider assessing a penalty for an unreasonable delay of benefits, when requested by a worker? Upon a worker's request, the department will consider assessment of an unreasonable delay of benefits penalty for:

(a) Time-loss compensation benefits: The department will issue an unreasonable delay order, and assess associated penalties based on the unreasonably delayed time-loss as determined by the department, if a self-insurer:

(i) Has written medical certification based on objective findings from the attending medical provider authorized to treat that the claimant is unable to work because of conditions proximately caused by the industrial injury or occupational disease, or the claimant is participating in a department-approved vocational plan; and

(ii) Fails to make the first time-loss payment to the claimant within fourteen calendar days of notice that there is a claim*, or fails to continue time-loss payments on regular intervals as required by RCW 51.32.190(3); and

(iii) Fails to take action per WAC 296-15-425.

* Notice of claim is provided to the self-insured employer when all the elements of a claim are met. The elements of a claim are:

Description of incident. Examples: Self-Insurance Form 2 (SIF-2), physician's initial report (PIR), employer incident report.
Diagnosis of the medical condition. Examples: PIR, on-site medical facility records if supervised by provider qualified to diagnose.
Treatment provided or treatment recommendations. Examples: PIR, on-site medical facility records if supervised by provider qualified to treat.

• Application for benefits. Examples: SIF-2, PIR, or other signed written communication that evinces intent to apply.

Unreasonable delays of loss of earning power compensation (b) payments or permanent partial disability award payments will also be subject to penalty.

(c) Unreasonable delays of payment of medical treatment benefits will also be subject to penalty.

Unreasonable delays of authorization of medical treatment (d) benefits will also be subject to penalty.

(e) Failure to pay benefits without cause: The department will issue an order determining an unreasonable refusal to pay benefits, and assess associated penalties, based on the department's calculation of benefits or fee schedule, if a self-insurer fails to pay a benefit such as time-loss compensation, loss of earning power compensation, permanent partial disability award payments, or medical treatment when there is no medical, vocational, or legal doubt about whether the self-insurer should pay the benefit. Accrued principal and interest will apply to nonpayment of medical benefits.

(f) Paying benefits during an appeal to the board of industrial insurance appeals: The department will issue an unreasonable delay order, and assess associated penalties, based on the department's calculation of benefits or fee schedule, if a self-insurer appeals a department order to the board of industrial insurance appeals, and fails to provide the benefits required by the order on appeal within fourteen calendar days of the date of the order, and thereafter at regular fourteen day or semi-monthly intervals, as applicable, until or unless the board of industrial insurance appeals grants a stay of the department order, or until and unless the department reassumes jurisdiction and places the order on appeal in abeyance, or until the claimant returns to work, or the department issues a subsequent order terminating the benefits under appeal.

(q) Benefits will not be considered unreasonably delayed if paid within three calendar days of the statutory due date. In addition, if benefits are delayed due to an underpayment from the monthly wage calculation for time-loss compensation under RCW 51.08.178, then the department shall presume the benefits are not unreasonably delayed if:

(i) The self-insurer sent a written copy of the wage calculation to the injured worker on a department-developed template; and

(ii) The self-insurer informed the worker, in writing, on a department-developed template that the worker should contact the selfinsurer with any questions; and

(iii) The self-insurer notified the worker, in writing, on a department-developed template to write to the department within sixty days if the worker disputed the calculation.

This presumption may be rebutted by a showing of action without foundation or unsupported by evidence demonstrating an unreasonable delay of benefits despite the notification to the worker and the worker's failure to dispute.

Provided, (g)(i) through (iii) of this subsection will not apply to payments for statutory cost-of-living adjustments, payments that do not use the amount stated in the department-developed template, or a refusal to make payments ordered by the department.

(2) How is a penalty request created and processed?

(a) An injured worker may request a penalty against his or her self-insured employer by:

(i) Completing the appropriate self-insurance form or sending a written request providing the reasons for requesting the penalty;

(ii) Attaching supporting documents (optional).

(b) Within ten working days of receipt of a certified request, the self-insured employer must send its claim file to the department. Failure to timely respond may subject the self-insured employer to a rule violation penalty under RCW 51.48.080. The employer may attach supporting documents, or indicate, in writing, if the employer will be providing further supporting documents, which must be received by the department within five additional working days. If the employer fails to timely respond to the penalty request, the department will issue an order in response to the injured worker's request based on the available information.

(c) The department will issue an order within thirty days after receiving a complete written request for penalty per (a) of this subsection. The department's review during the thirty-day period for responding to the injured worker's request will include only the claim file records and supporting documents provided by the worker and the employer per (a) and (b) of this subsection.

(d) In deciding whether to assess a penalty, the department will consider only the underlying record and supporting documents at the time of the request which will include documents listed in (a) and (b) of this subsection, if timely available, to determine if the alleged untimely benefit was appropriately requested and if the employer timely responded.

(e) The department order issued under (c) of this subsection is subject to request for reconsideration or appeal under the provisions of RCW 51.52.050 and 51.52.060.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. WSR 19-01-095, § 296-15-266, filed 12/18/18, effective 7/1/19. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020 and 51.48.017. WSR 15-01-162, § 296-15-266, filed 12/23/14, effective 1/23/15. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020, 51.14.020, 51.32.190, 51.14.090, and 51.14.095. WSR 06-06-066, § 296-15-266, filed 2/28/06, effective 4/1/06.]